



Name:		

Class:_____

Teacher:_____

WORKBOOK: 3

AGES: 7 yrs

Lesson 1 Usul ad-Din

In the puzzle below, use four of the five Usul ad-Din given in the box. Then use the letters in the circles to find the secret word.

TAWHID ADALAH NUBUWWAH IMAMAH QIYAMAH

1. There is only one God.
2. Allah is Just and Fair.
3. The Day of Judgement.
4. There are 12 Imams.
Use the circled letters to figure out the secret word.
Clue: He was the first man.
Answer: Nabi

USUL ADDIN

1. TAWHD

There is no god but Allah.

2. ADALAH

Allah is Just and Always Fair to Everyone.

3. NUBUWWAN

Allah sent 124,000 Anbiya to Guide us.

3. BMAMAH

There are 12 Imams after Rasulullāh (s).

5. CHYAMAI

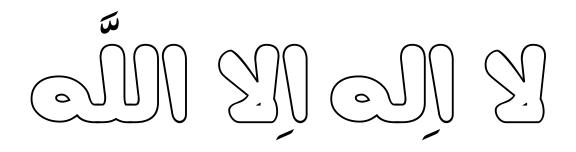
Allah will bring everyone back to life and judge them. On the Day of Judgement, the good will go to Jannah and the evil to Jahannam.

Lesson 1 Usul ad-Din

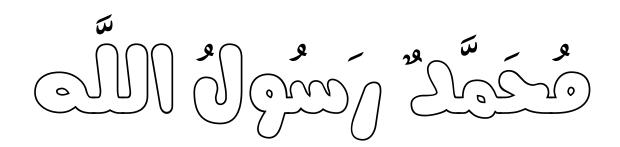
Match the Usul ad-Din by drawing a line from each word on the left to its meaning on the right.

Tawhid	
	The Day of Judgement
Adalah	
	There are 12 Imams
Nubuwwah	
	Allah is One
Imāmah	
	Allah is Just
Qiyāmah	
	There are 124,000 Anbiya

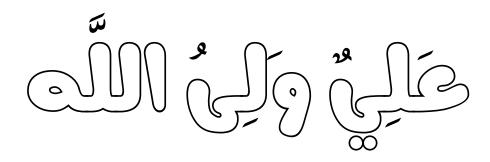
BUTOUNG THE CALLANA



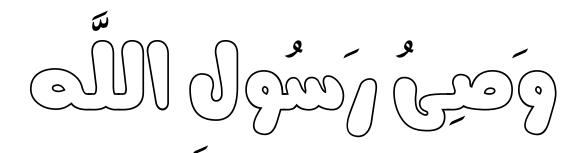
Lā ilāha ilallāh
THERE BS MO GOD BUT
ALLAM



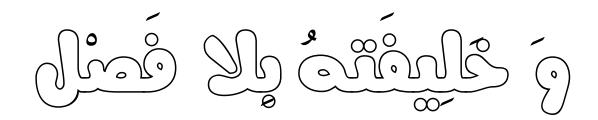
Muhammadur Rasulullāh MUHAMMAD BS THE MESSENGER OF ALLAH



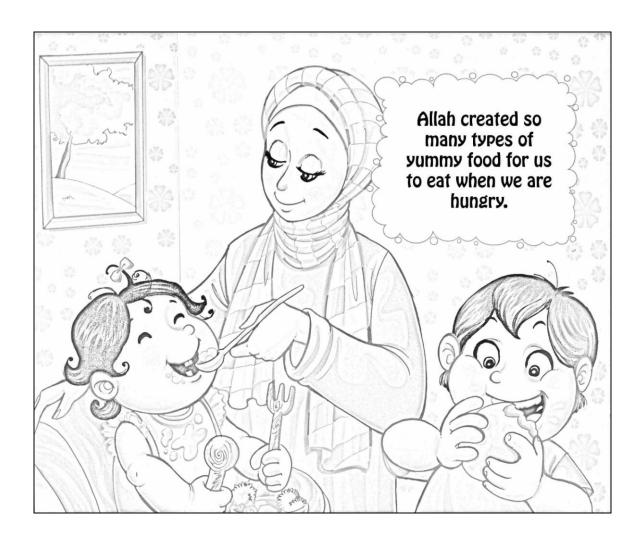
Aliyyun Waliyullāh ALI IS A SPECIAL FRIEND OF ALLAN

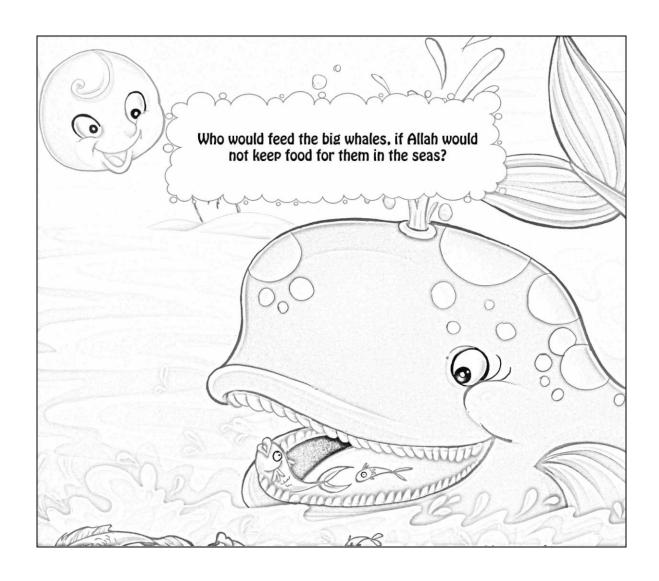


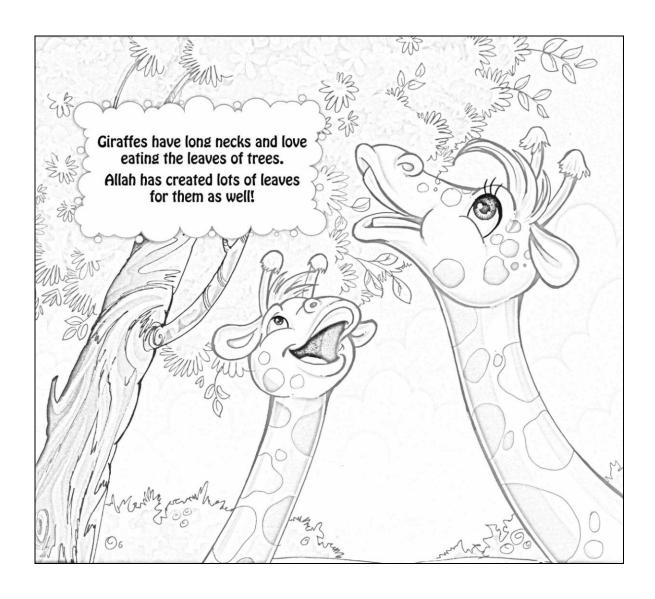
Wasiyyu Rasulillāh ALB BS RASULULLā[]'S REPRESENTATIVE

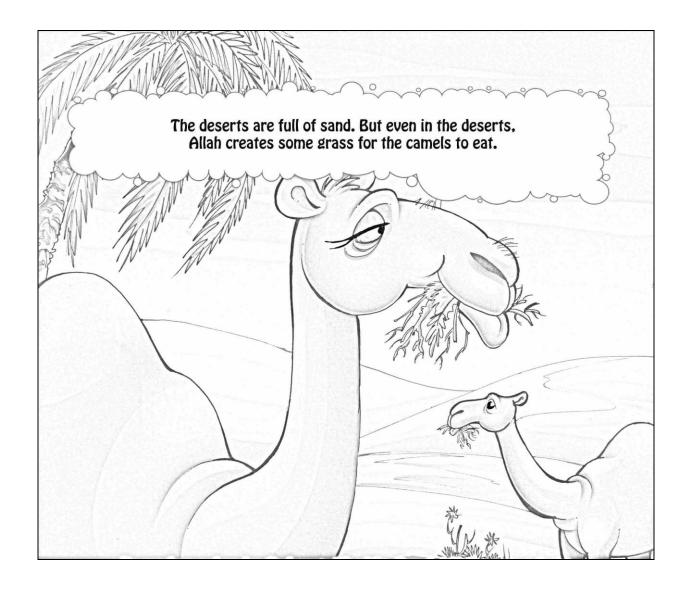


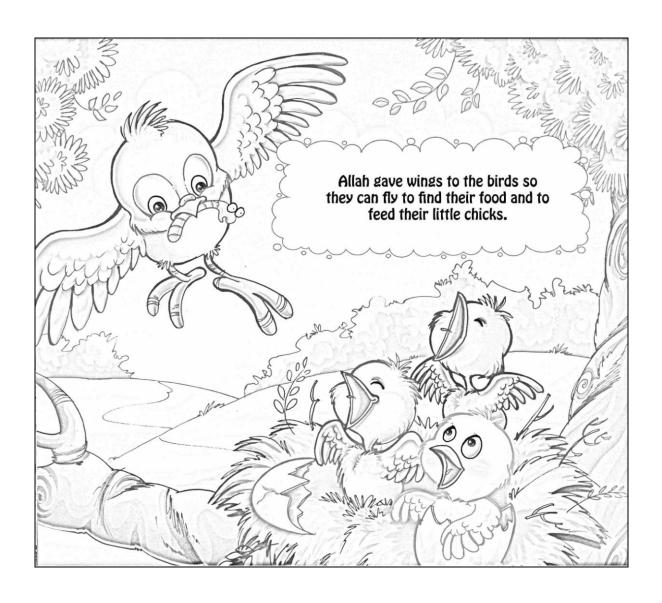
Wa Khalifatahu bilā fasl
AND HIS BAMEDBATE
SUCCESSOR



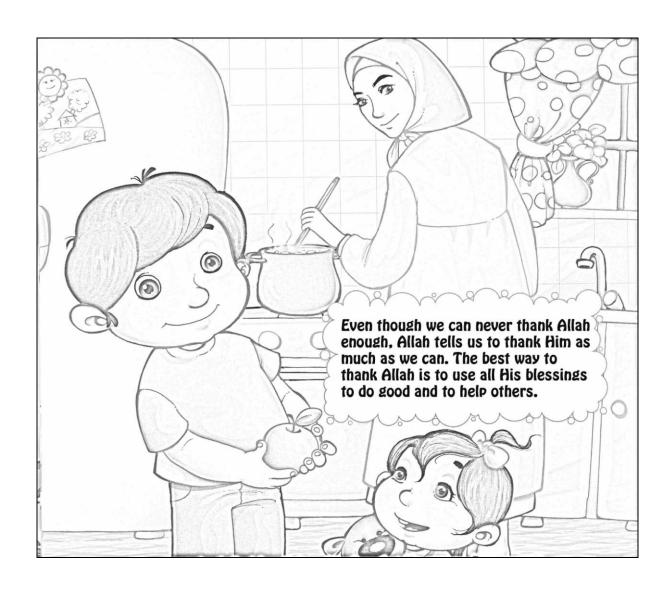








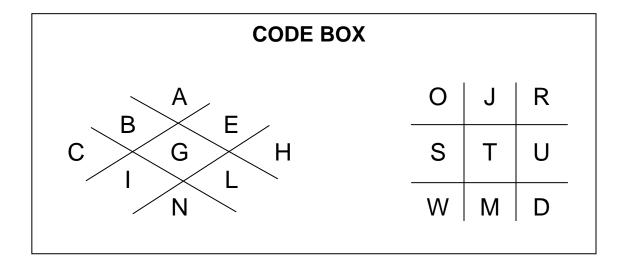
Lesson 3 Give Thanks to Allah



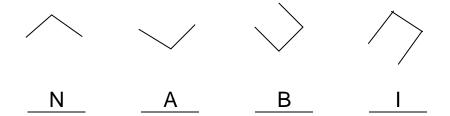
Lesson 4 The Qur'án

THE ULIL AZM PROPHETS

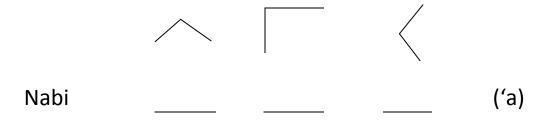
Use the codes given below to find the correct letters below each symbol.

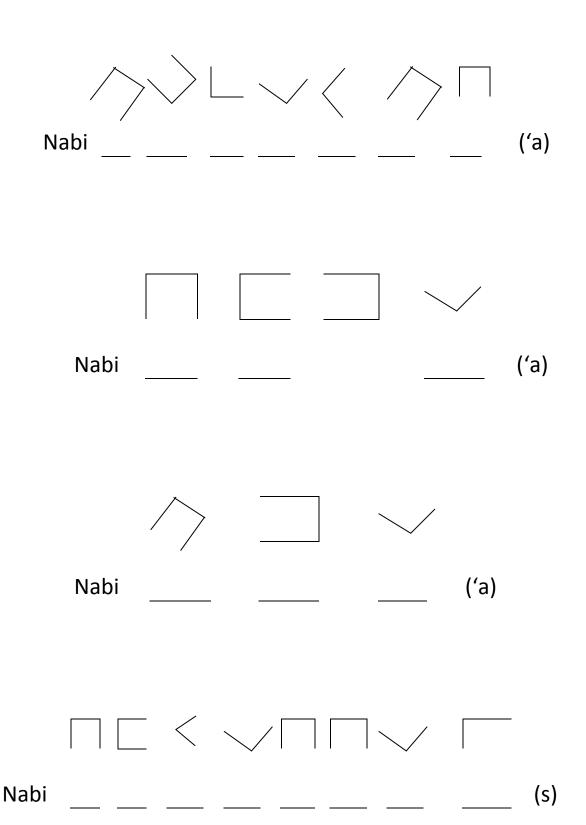


Example: What is a prophet called in Arabic?



The Ulil 'Azm Prophets are:





THE FOUR BOOKS FROM ALLAN

Samuel Morse invented the telegraph and the Morse Code. Morse code is a series of dots and dashes used to send messages on the telegraph. Each letter is separated by a "/".

Using the Code Box, decode the names of the four Books from Allah and whom they were revealed to that are given in Morse Code below.

MORSE CODE BOX					
A	В	c	D	Ε.	
F	G	н	١	J	
к	١	M	N	o	
P	Q	R	S	т _	
U	٧	w	×	Y	
z··					

	_ / · _ / · / · _ ·		///	
	//_		•_	
1.		to Nabi		('a)

	///		///	/
2.		to Nabi		('a)

4. _____ to Nabi _____ ('a)

Lesson 4 The Qur'án

Find the names of the 5 Ulil Adhm Prophets in the Wordsearch below.

In the four books below write the names of the 4 Books of Allah and whom they were revealed to:



Lesson 6 There are 12 Imáms

Using the Code Box, decode the message below given in Morse Code below. Write the each word under its code.

MORSE CODE BOX					
A	В	c	D	Ε.	
F	G	н	١	J •	
К	١	M	N	o	
P	Q	R	s	т_	
U	٧	w	×	Y	
z					

.../._/_._/_.._/../._

.._./._/_/../__/._

__.../._/..../._. ._/_..

_/..../.

../__/._/_...

Lesson 6 There are 12 Imáms

Match each Ma'sum name on the left with their Title on the right, by filling in a Title number. One of them has been done for you (Imām Muhammad al-Baqir ('a)).

Name	Fill this column		Title
Rasulullāh Muhammad (s)		1	ar-Rida
Imām Ali ('a)		2	al-Jawād
Sayyida Fatima ('a)		3	al-Askari
Imām Hasan ('a)		4	al-Hadi
lmām Husayn ('a)		5	al-Kadhim
Imām Ali ('a)		6	al-Mustafa
Imām Muhammad ('a)	9	7	as-Sādiq
lmām Ja'far ('a)		8	az-Zahra
Imām Musa ('a)		9	al-Bāqir
Imām Ali ('a)		10	al-Mujtaba
Imām Muhammad ('a)		11	Sayyid ash- Shuhada
Imām Ali ('a)		12	al-Mahdi
Imām Hasan ('a)		13	Zayn al-Abidin
Imām Muhammad ('atfs)		14	al-Murtada

Lesson 6 There are 12 Imáms

Draw a line from each Imam's name to their number.

Imām Ali al-Hadi ('a)	1
Imām Ali ar-Rida ('a)	2
Imām Ja'far as-Sādiq ('a)	3
Imām Muhammad al-Bāqir ('a)	4
Imām Hasan al-Askari ('a)	5
Imām Muhammad al-Mahdi ('atfs)	6
Imām Hasan al-Mujtaba ('a)	7
Imām Ali al-Murtada ('a)	8
Imām Ali Zayn al-Abidin ('a)	9
Imām Husayn Sayyid ash-Shuhada ('a)	10
Imām Muhammad al-Jawād ('a)	11
Imām Musa al-Kadhim ('a)	12

NAMES OF BLAMS

S Α Α M Ι Ν Α Η Μ Ι M Q Q Y \mathbf{L} 0 I Ι Ι R J D 0 Р M Α MM Α Η Ι D C G U MU Α S S S M Χ I Α Α В В Р K Α Ι Q F L C J M F D Ν Ρ Q Α Τ M Α Z Y Ν \mathbf{L} Ι I Ν Μ Α Α Α В D S K Q G Η Z В \bigvee MM M W 0 M X В Α Ι K Ι F \bigvee U M Α Ν Α F Α M D В Τ Α S J Α M Ι Μ 0 D В Ρ В F G D 0 Η Α Ι R Ι M Α Α M Z M Η Η M Ν S S Y \bigvee I Ι M Α \mathbb{L} J I A K Z Χ R Τ M M M CM Α Ι Z Y Ν Ν Τ D Τ Α S U Α Ι D R M Р U F Ι S D Η R Ν G Τ Z S CS M Ζ Η Α R Η F D Χ D Ι C C S K F Ι F U Ι Α \mathbf{L} Ρ Ν WU S K M \bigvee J D В M 0 \bigvee Ι Τ Ι Y D Ε Y R Y В L Τ K Z F G Α Z Η D M \bigvee

In the wordsearch above, find all the Aimmah ('a) listed below.

IMĀM ALI	IMĀM ASKARI	IMĀM BAQIR
IMĀM HADI	IMĀM HASAN	IMĀM HUSAYN
IMĀM JAWAD	IMĀM KADHIM	IMĀM MAHDI
IMĀM RIDA	IMĀM SADIQ	IMĀM ZAYN ALABIDIN

ENT TO SEMAN MASUMEEN

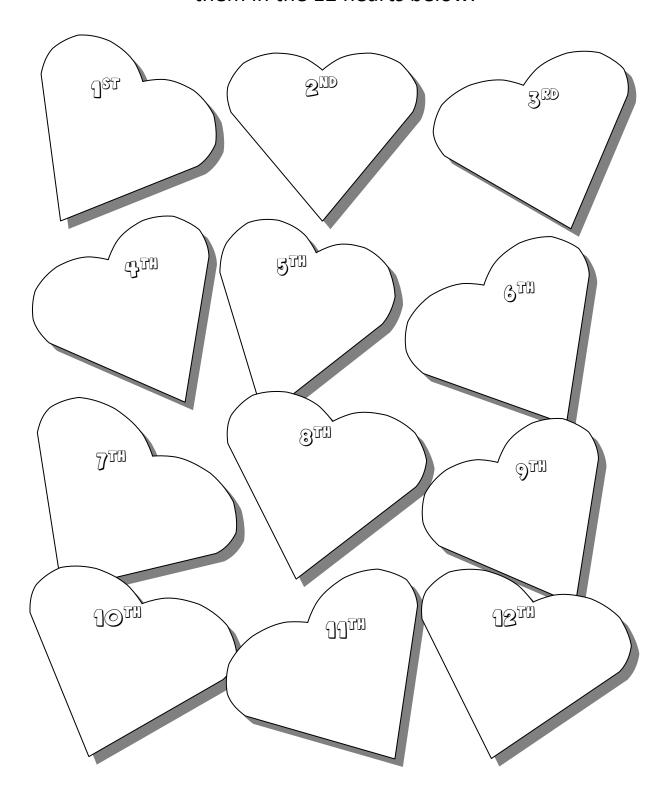
K X Y Ν Τ \mathbf{E} R W Ι В \mathbf{L} \mathbf{L} Η Ι J J CCΧ Z Υ M Α D Α Ι J M \mathbb{D} \mathbf{E} В M S Z U Μ Α Α Α Α D W \bigvee Η Α Α 0 D M Z M Η Τ Ν Ι Η S Ρ Μ U M Ρ Η IJ \mathbf{E} S Y Ι Α R L R Α Μ U Η \mathbf{L} \bigvee Α \bigvee S G Τ \mathbf{E} Ι L M U \bigvee J Η Α Α Μ Μ D S S Η Ι Y L Η I M M L Α 0 U Μ Μ Z Z F Y \mathbf{L} Α M M Α R D F \bigvee Α Α Ι Ν Ι Ι L Y Z M В Α Α Ν Α Α Ι \mathbb{D} Μ CK Ι W Ν Р M Μ Α В Η Α Ι I Υ D Τ Ι Η Ι CТ Α M Α Η M Α X M М D \bigvee S G Q I Α Μ Α M I Y D В \mathbb{I} Ν W S K Ι Τ Μ Α M R Y Ε M R Α Α Α Μ Z Ν \mathbf{L} Ι C J \bigvee J I Α 0 В R Ν Α 0 K Α Ι Ι U Ε R X S Ι F \mathbf{F} \bigvee Α M U Z C \mathbf{L} CF K Q R В R Р Ι M Ι Η 0

In the wordsearch above, find all the Ma'sumeen ('a) listed below.

IMĀM ALIIMAM ASKARIIMAM BAQIRIMĀM HADIIMĀM HASANIMĀM HUSAYNIMĀM JAWADIMĀM KADHIMIMĀM MAHDIIMĀM RIDAIMĀM SADIQRASULULLĀHIMĀM ZAYN AL ABIDINSAYYIDA FATIMA

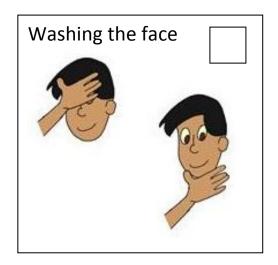
Lesson 6 There are 12 Imáms

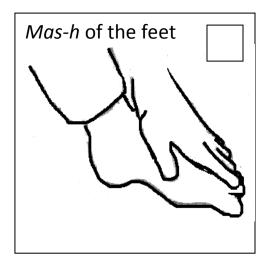
Do you remember the names of all our 12 Imams? Write them in the 12 hearts below.

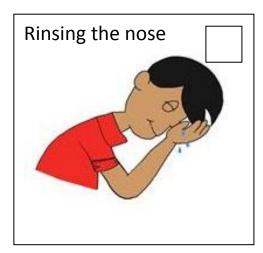


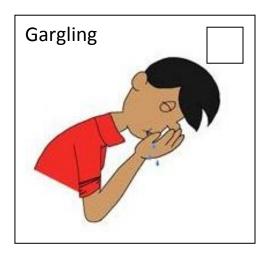
Lesson 1 How to Perform Wudu

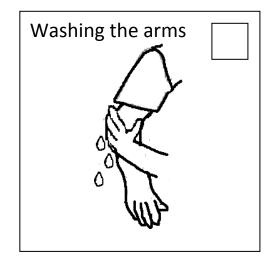
In the small box in each picture write a number (1-6) to show the correct order in which wudu is done.













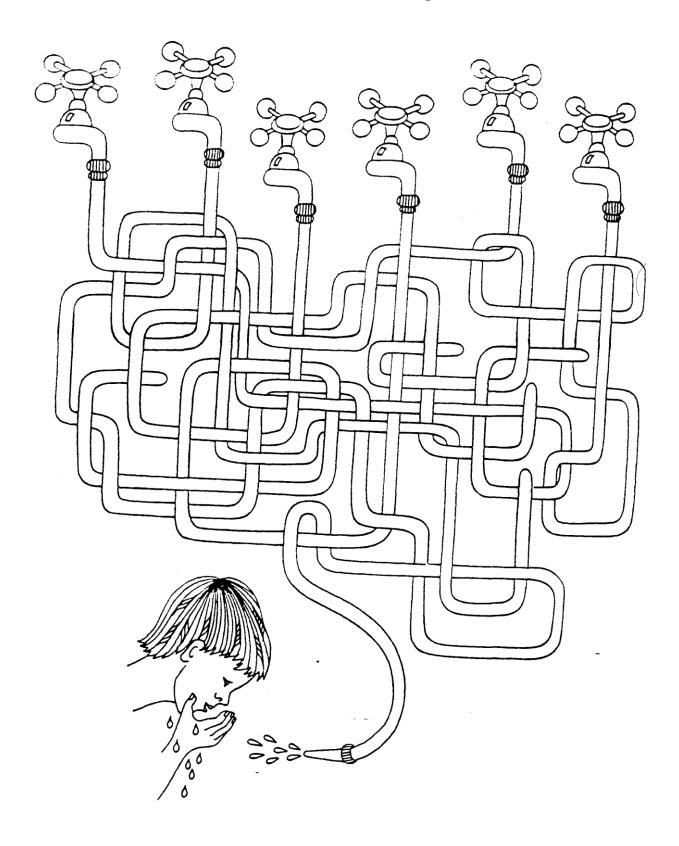
WUDU QUBZ

Answer each of the following with a **Yes** or **No**:

- 1. Jamila was doing wudū. She forgot to gargle her mouth during her wudū. Is her wudū sahīh?
- 2. Zaynab was doing wudū when the doorbell rang. She went to open the door and then continued the wudū. Is her wudū correct?
- 3. When I was doing wudū, I washed and wiped my face three times. Is my wudū valid?
- 4. Maryam prayed although she had Henna on her hands. Is she allowed to pray with it?
- 5. When Muhammad was doing wudū, the container he was using was made of plastic. Is his wudū sahīh?
- 6. Aasiyah and Fatimah were performing wudu when their cousin Zahra came over. They quickly wiped their right hands and went to spend some time with her. After Zahra left 20 minutes later, they continued their wudu. Is their wudu valid? Why?
- 7. Hamza took a shower and while his hair was still wet, he did wudu for salāh. Is his wudu correct? Why?
- 8. When Yusuf was doing wudu, he saw some paint on his fingers. So he finished his wudu and then rubbed the paint off with soap. Is his wudu sahih?

ALI IS DOING WUDU

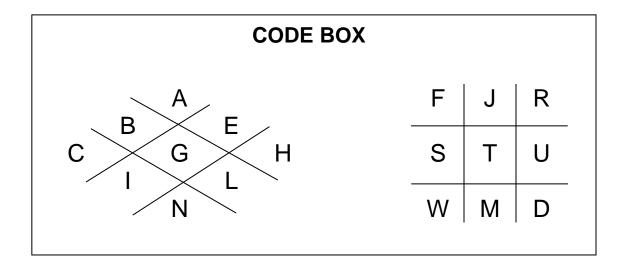
But from which faucet? Colour the right faucet.



Lesson 4 Saláh

THE NAMES OF SALAH

Muslims are required to pray five times a day. Using the Code Box below, find the names of the five daily salāh



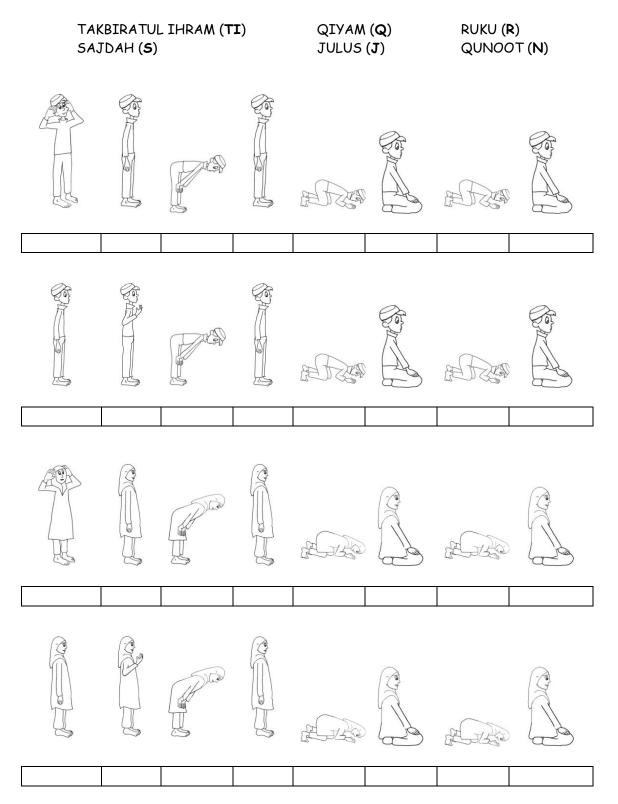
Example: What is a prayer called in Arabic?

	\			<
S	A	L	A	_H_
		.		

	 <	<	
-	 	 	

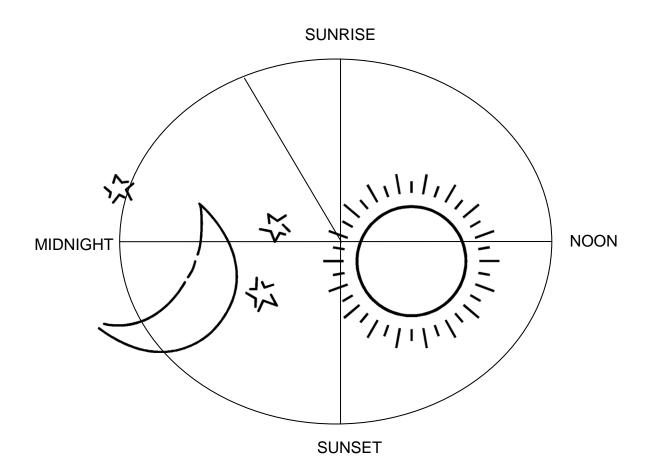
TWO RAK'AH SALAH IN PICTURES

Yusuf and Amina are praying 2 rak'ahs. If you're a boy, fill in the boxes for Yusuf and if you're a girl fill in the boxes for Amina. In the box under each picture, write the step they are doing. Choose from one of the following words (you can write the letters in the brackets instead of the whole word):



TIMES OF SALAH

In the chart below write the name of each Salāh (when we pray it).



Now write the timings for each Salāh for the whole week.

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun
Fajr							
· ·							
Dhuhr							
Asr							
Maghrib							
Maghrib Isha							

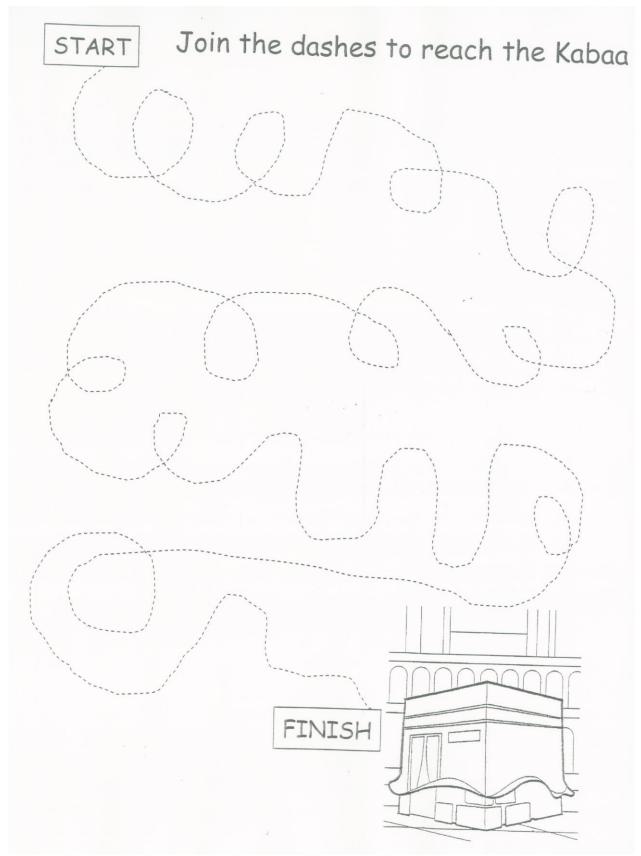
Lesson 6 Furu' ad-Dín

R S Τ D M Η S R M Q Ι Ν 0 Α Α S S МJ M X Α R Q D Ζ A U F A V Τ R S \mathbf{L} Α C Z R K Ι Τ K L K C \bigvee Ν S C Τ Α \mathbf{L} 0 Α R X S G A Z C0 CВ Χ M В Z U Α Α Ε J Α Η Χ Α M CM F F Τ Η В D CL W R В F V L L M D 0 Ν J A X K ΚR Z Τ I Η J R Ν JC N C Η U X В Α В Ν J M Y Η Z M Ι Τ L 0 I Ζ M RT Α L \mathbf{L} Α Α W CΕ АJ S Ν MM Η I MU Η K J A S W C K Η G A U В F \circ K Z В \bigvee Ε C X Α F \mathbb{D} Α K Μ В J I F Q Z S Η R J Τ Ν Ε S K W J Ν Α Ν Η M C Р GG F Ι В F Η Η M

In the wordsearch above, find all the Furu ad-Din listed below.

SALAH	SAWM	HAJJ
ZAKAH	KHUMS	JIHAD
NAHI ANIL MUNKAR	TAWALLA	TABARRA
AMR BIL MARUF		

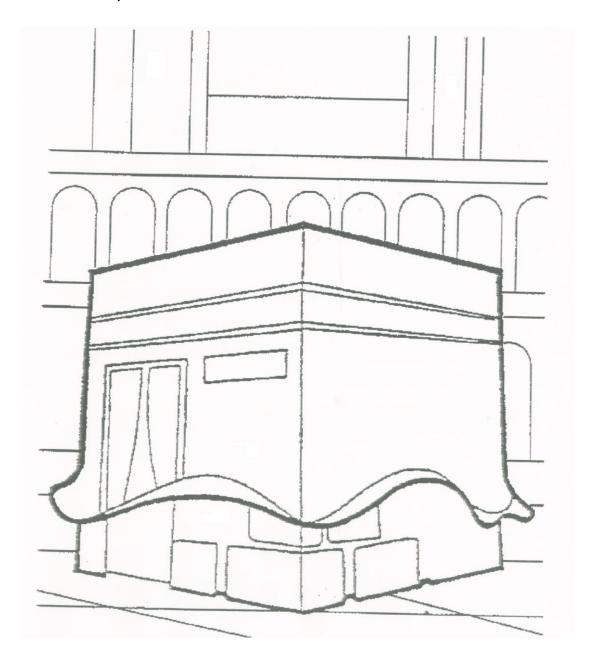
Lesson 2 Building the Ka'bah



KABAH 38 MY Q3BLA

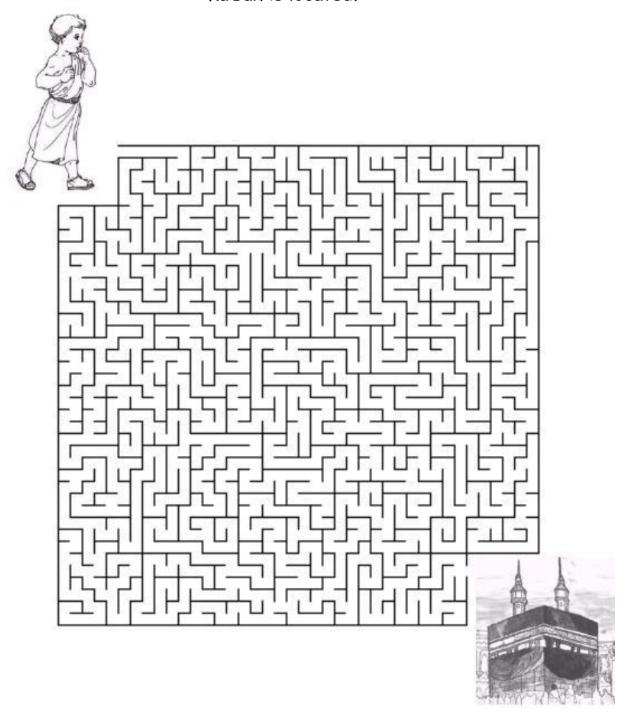
Qibla is the direction of the Ka'bah in Makkah. Ka'bah is the qibla of all Muslims. We can find the direction of qibla by using a compass or asking a reliable person. We should always face the qibla while praying, reciting the Qur'ān and duas.

Later on we will learn more about how the Ka'bah was built. Colour the picture of the Ka'bah!



FIND THE WAY TO THE KABAH

Yusuf has gone for Umra and lost his way to the Ka'bah. Can you help him find his way back to Masjid al-Harām where the Ka'bah is located?



Lesson 3 Nabi Ya'qub ('a) and Nabi Yusuf ('a)

Choose one of the following words to fill in the blanks. After you use a word, circle it so it cannot be used again:

ISMAIL	ISHAQ	YUSUF	ISHAQ
WELL	EGYPT	KING	WOLF
YUSUF	YAQUB		
	• •		ames were Nabi Nabi Ya'qub was
			I therefore the
	f Nabi Ibrahim		
His brother threw him o	s were very	jealous of him and told	as called n. One day they their father that
Nabi Yusuf	('a) was taker	ı to	where he was
	lave. Later or		('a) became the
Much later	the brothers	s of Nabi	realized
			e them. Then all
the brother	s came with th	neir father Nab	i and
	ot with Nabi Y		

Lesson 4 As-Sádiq & Al-Amin

Rasulullāh (s)'s name is	His father's name is
	other is Sayyida
	of Rabi ul Awwal 570 CE.
	_ years old, he was praying in when the angel
brought him the first verses	
• • • • • • •	round Makkah telling people. and you will
be saved.' The people o instead of Alla	f Makkah used to worship h.
-	āh (s) with his few followers And this is called
Before leaving the world, R follow the and t	asulullāh (s) told everyone to he
	on the of Safar years years old. He is buried in
• •	aughter is called Sayyida sthe of all
the women in the world.	

ALLAN DOES NOT LIKE THE LAZY

Do you remember the story of Rasulullāh (s) and the people he travelled with? If you don't, read it again from your Diniyat Book (Tarikh Lesson 4). Then answer the following questions:

1.	Why did Rasulullāh (s) also help in the work?
2.	What happens when we let others do all the work for us?
3.	Have you ever been on a journey with other people? Did you sit back or did you help with the work?
4.	When food is being served at the masjid, do you stand up and volunteer to help?

Lesson 4 As-Sádiq & Al-Amin

One of the titles of Rasulullāh (s) was 'the Truthful'. If you take the first letter of each of the pictures below, you will know how to say this title in Arabic.

THE TRUTHFUL ONE: ____ -

Lesson 5 Imám Alí b. Abi Tálib ('a)

Do you remember this picture and the hadith on the next page from your Diniyat Book? Colour it and then tell your parents what is happening in the picture (where it took place, etc.).



Rasulullāh (s) said:

CANCION FA
CARCION FA
CARCIONALISTY OU
C

CHOEVER

BELIEVES I AM

HIS MASTER,

THEN THIS ALI IS

HIS MASTER

TOOI

THE BOLAMBS SALENDAR

In every Islamic month there is something important to celebrate or remember. Find 2 events that happen every month in the Islamic calendar and write them below. Your parents can help you with this exercise.

MUHARRAM:

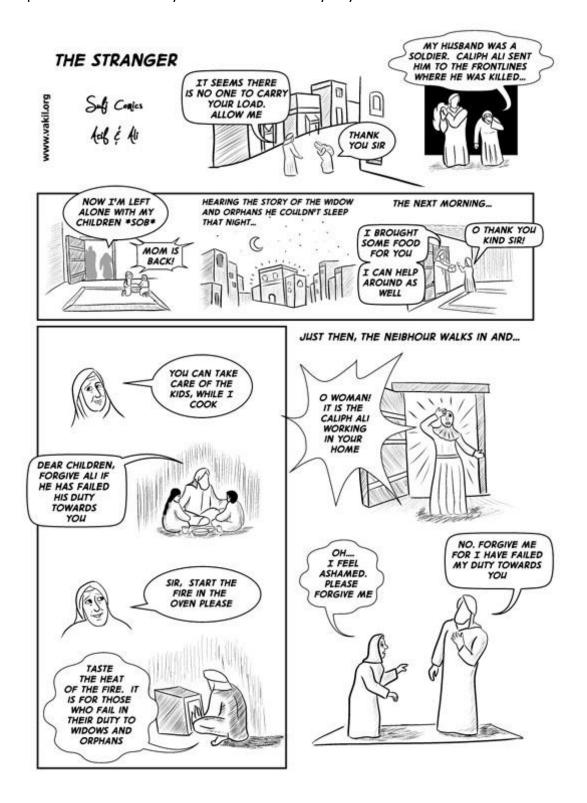
1	2.	
	SAFAR:	
1.	2.	
	RABI UL AWWAL:	
1.	2.	
	RABI UTH THANI:	
1.	2	
	JAMADI UL ULA:	
1.	2.	

JAMADI UL UKHRA:

1	2	
	RAJAB:	
1.	2	
	SHABAAN:	
1	2	
	RAMADAN:	
1.	2	
	SHAWWAL:	
1.	2	
	DHUL QA'ADA:	
1.	2	
	DHUL HIJJAH:	
1.	2.	

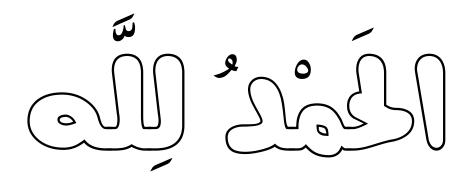
STORY TIME

This story is about Imām Ali ('a) and how he loved to help the poor and the orphans. When Imām Ali ('a) was the Caliph of the Muslims, one of his soldiers died in a battle and the soldier's wife and children were struggling on their own. So Imām Ali ('a) used to help them by carry their wood, doing the housework and playing with the orphans. Colour the story and then tell the story to your mom or dad.



Colour the Arabic words below and say it aloud as you colour.

To thank Allah, when we finish our food and when we sneeze, we say:

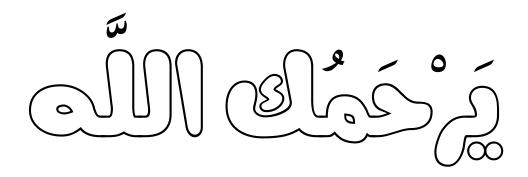


Al-Hamdu Lilāh



Colour the Arabic words below and say it aloud as you colour.

When we hear someone sneeze, we say:

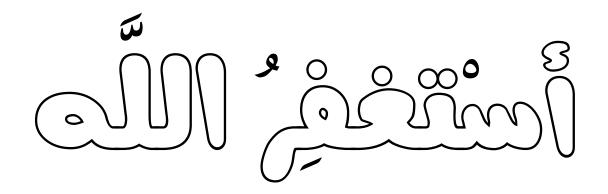


Yarhamu kallāh (for a boy) Yarhamu killāh (for a girl)



Colour the Arabic words below and say it aloud as you colour.

When we do something wrong by mistake or when we see someone doing something bad or harām, we say:



Astagh firullāh



Story Time ABDULLAN LEARNS TO SAY BUSHA ALLAN

Abdullah had a big farm in which he used to grow vegetables. When his vegetables were fully-grown, he realized that he needed a donkey to carry his produce to the market. Abdullah said to himself, "I must go to the market and buy a donkey right now." On the way to the market, he met his friend Muhammad.

"Salamun alaykum Abdullah!" said Muhammad. "How are you? Where are you going today?"

"Walaykum salām!" replied Abdullah excitedly. "I am going to the market to buy a donkey."

"Dear Abdullah," advised Muhammad, "whenever you plan to do something, you should always say 'Insha Allah'."

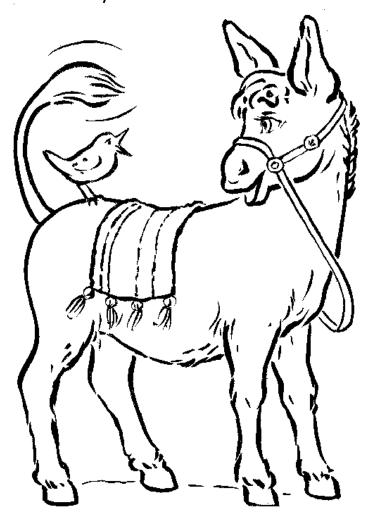
"But why?" asked Abdullah proudly. "I have money in my pocket and there must be a donkey in the market. I just have to go and buy one. I don't need to say 'insha Allah'!" And so Abdullah left his friend and continued to walk to the market. At the market, he saw different donkeys and mules. Finally he selected one and asked to owner: "What is the price of this donkey, Sir?"

"Thirty Dinars," said the owner. And so Abdullah put his hand into his pocket to take out the money. But to his surprise, his pocket was empty and there was no money. "Ya Allah!" cried Abdullah, "where is my money gone??!"

Just then Abdullah noticed he had a hole in his pocket. So his money must have fallen off on the way to the market. Feeling very sad Abdullah began walking back home. On the way, he met his friend Muhammad again. "Where are you coming from Abdullah?" asked Muhammad, "And where is your donkey?"

And Abdullah began to say: "I am coming from the market, insha Allah...my pocket had a hole insha Allah... when I got to the market insha Allah, I put my hand in my pocket insha Allah... but the money was all gone, Insha Allah! So I couldn't buy the donkey, insha Allah!!..."

And Abdullah kept saying "insha Allah" but it was too late! From that day onwards, Abdullah never forgot to say Insha Allah (If Allah wishes!). Now colour the picture of the donkey that Abdullah wanted to buy.



Abbas has just woken up. He goes downstairs and sees his Mum and Dad making breakfast. What is the first thing he should say to them? Colour in the right answer.



Good Morning Mom! As-Salamu Alaykum! What's up, Dude!



Sakina puts on her shoes and is going out. What should she say to her Dad? Colour in the right answer.

Fi Amanillah!

See you later, Alligator! Alhamdulillah!

Colour in the picture of Mustafa, as he says "Fi Amanil lāh" to his friends.

What does Fi Amānil lāh mean?

Colour in the right bubble.



THANKING OTHERS

When someone helps you or gives you something you say 'Jazak Allah'. Draw 2 pictures of when someone would say Jazak Allah:

E.g.: Helping Mummy to sweep up the leaves:



SNEEZE SPINNER

Your teacher will help you make a spinner like the one on the next page.

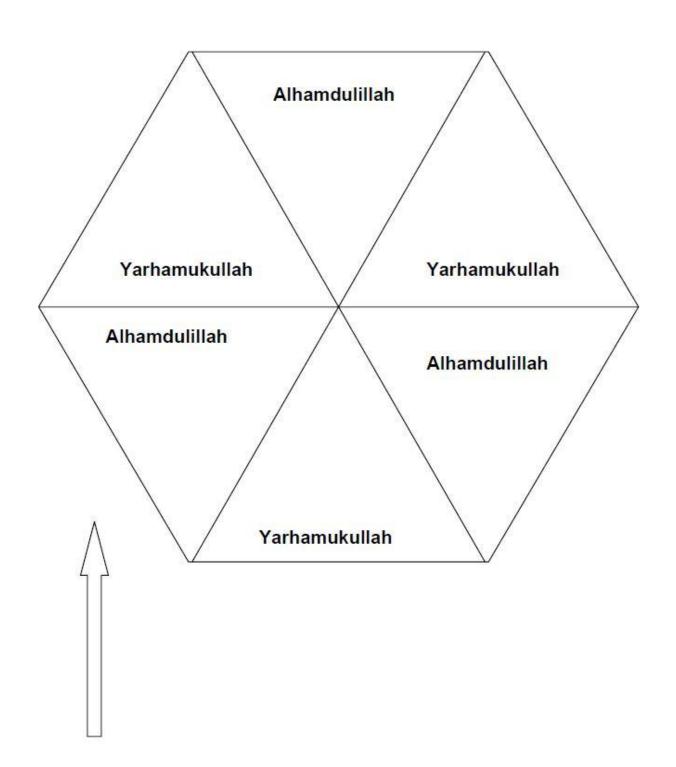
Instructions:

- 1. Cut out the hexagon on the next page and stick it on a piece of card.
- 2. Make an arrow like the one on the next page (but a little wider).
- 3. Punch a small hole in the middle of the card and another hole in the tail edge of the arrow.
- 4. Hold the arrow in the middle of the card either with an eyelet or a piece of straw so that the arrow spins freely on the card.

How to Play:

- 1. Sit in a circle with all your friends.
- 2. Each person gets a turn to spin the arrow while another person pretends to sneeze.
- 3. The word that the arrow lands on has to be said loudly. It should be said aloud either by the one who sneezed or all the others who didn't sneeze.

Who should say the word the arrow lands on? the person who sneezed or the friends?



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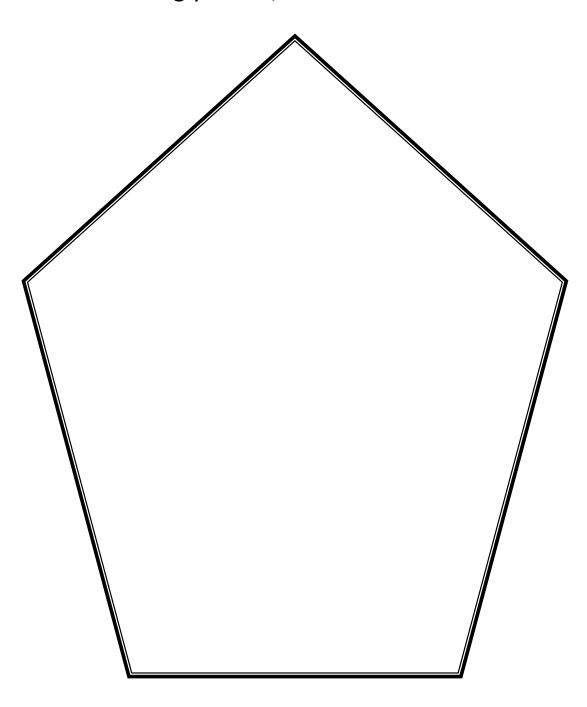
Lesson 3 Entering & Leaving Home & Manners at the Masjid

Yusuf cannot remember which foot he should enter his house or the masjid with - help him by circling the foot he should enter with.

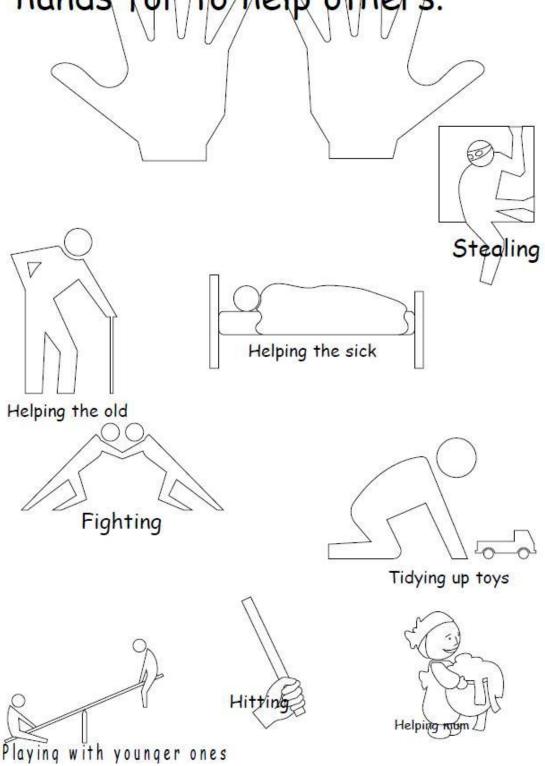


Lesson 5 Always Say the Truth

Give an example of when you were brave and said the truth and did not lie. Or give an example of an honest thing you did, not to cheat someone:



Colour the things you will use your hands for to help others.



Lesson 6 Always be Polite and Nice to Others

What would you do?

- 1. You are invited to a friend's house for a birthday party. At dinner time, you all sit down to eat, but one of your friends is all by himself, and no one has called him. What would you do?
- 2. You go out to play with your friends, and they start to speak badly about someone who you don't like either. What would you do?
- 3. Your father brings you to the masjid, and tells you that he has to go out, and will pick you up later. When he leaves, you see your friends go behind the masjid to play. What would you do?
- 4. You are serving tea in the masjid, and one of the older volunteers tells you to sit down, and calls you a "silly little boy". What would you do?
- 5. You are in madrasah, and the teacher is late. All your friends start throwing pieces of paper at each other, and playing around. What would you do?

Story Time!

ALWAYS BE POLITE AND NICE TO OTHERS

The Ignorant Bedouin

Rasulullāh (s) was one day sitting with some Muslims when Imām Hasan ('a) who was a little boy, came towards him. Rasulullāh (s) said, 'Hasan is walking with the angels Jibrail and Mikail besides him.' Then Rasulullāh (s) made Imām Hasan ('a) sit next him and said, 'You are the apple of my eyes.' And he said to the Muslims, 'This grandson of mine will one day be a guide

for people and he will teach them religion and save Islam.'

Just then Rasulullāh (s) saw a Bedouin coming towards him, pulling his cart and he knew that the man was angry and wanted to do something bad.



The Bedouin came close and did not even say, 'salam alaykum'. He just shouted angrily, 'Who amongst you is Muhammad?!' The Muslims asked him, 'What do you want?'

'I want Muhammad!' the man shouted rudely. So Rasulullāh (s) said, 'I am Muhammad....'

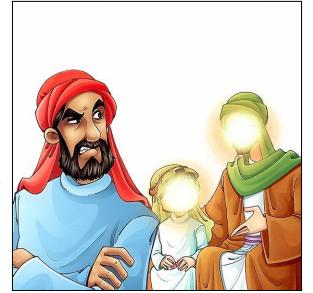


The Bedouin now spoke harshly and said to Rasulullāh (s), 'O Muhammad! I used to hate you even before I saw you. And now I have seen you and I hate you even more!'

The Muslims got very angry, but Rasulullāh (s) told them to keep quiet. He smiled and tried to calm down the Bedouin. The Bedouin spoke again and said angrily, 'O Muhammad! You say you are a Prophet from Allah. But you have no

proof like all the other prophets of Allah. If you are a Nabi, then show me your proof!!'

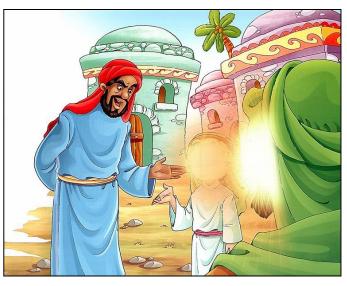
So Rasulullāh (s) said to the Bedouin, 'If a part of me shows you the proof, will you believe it?' The Bedouin laughed and



said, 'Ha! How can a part of a person speak, O Muhammad?!'

And Rasulullāh (s) said, 'Yes. This little boy Hasan is a part of me. Stand O Hasan and give him proof that I am the Messenger of Allah.'

The Bedouin laughed even more and said, 'Ha! I asked him for proof and he is asking a little boy to give me proof that he is a Prophet of Allah... what a joke!!' Imām Hasan ('a) said



to the Bedouin, 'Insha Allah you will not leave this place without being convinced of the truth and becoming a Muslim.'

'How is that, little boy?!' the Bedouin asked in surprise.



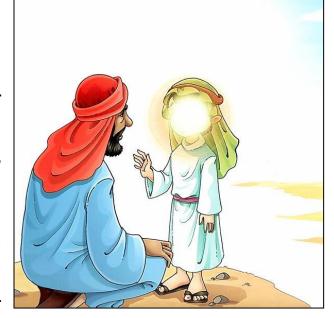
Imām Hasan ('a) said to him, 'Before you came here, you had a meeting with your people and you decided that you would kill Rasulullāh (s). So you volunteered to kill him and you carried a weapon with you that you are hiding under your

clothes. Come on now, take out the weapon you are hiding.'

The Bedouin was very surprised how the little boy knew his secret and everything about his plan.

Then Imām Hasan ('a) said to him, 'I will tell you everything that happened on your journey to Madina. You were in the desert when there was a terrible

sandstorm and you were really scared and thought you would die. Then you slept on your face and held the sand tightly in your hands waiting to die when suddenly you opened your eyes and found yourself near Madina. There was no desert or

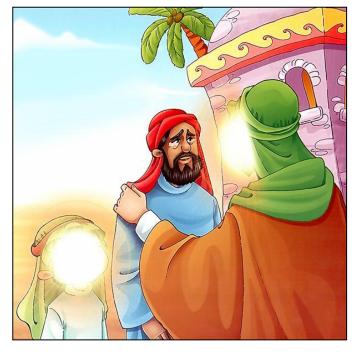


storm and your fear of dying disappeared and you were very happy.'

The Bedouin was even more surprised at the words of Imām Hasan ('a) and he said to him, 'How do you know all this? Were you with me in the desert? Everything you have described is exactly as it happened, as if you were with me and saw everything... how do you know the hidden?!'

Imām Hasan ('a) smiled and began talking to the man politely and with kindness and slowly the Bedouin's heart changed. Instead of hatred, he started feeling love for Rasulullāh (s) and for Imām Hasan ('a). The Bedouin then asked Imām Hasan ('a), 'What is Islam? Teach me!'

Imām Hasan ('a) told him, 'Islam means to believe that Allah is the greatest (Allahu Akbar) and there is no god except Allah (la ilāha ilallah), He is the only one and has no partner and that Muhammad is His servant and messenger



(Muhammadun abduhu wa rasuluhu).'

The Bedouin now felt ashamed because of how rude he had been with the Messenger of Allah (s). He apologized and decided he wanted to become a Muslim. He now believed in Rasulullāh (s) and the Qur'an, all because of Imām Hasan ('a), the grandson of Rasulullāh (s) and because of the kindness and politeness of Rasulullāh (s).

The Bedouin then became a good Muslim and a follower of Rasulullāh (s) and went back to his people and told them his story and soon all of them became Muslims too

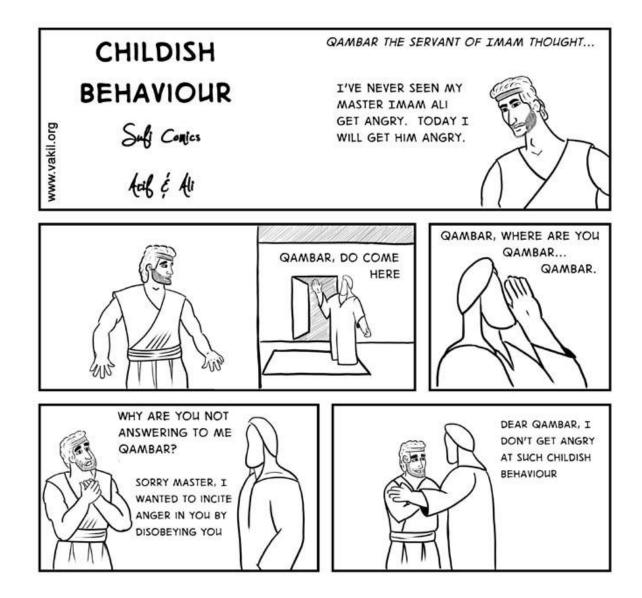
Moral of the Story:

Some people are bad only because they don't know the truth. Instead of fighting, you can change an ignorant person with your good manners.

MEVER GET ANGRY WITHOUT GOOD REASON

One way to be nice is never to get angry without good reason. A nice person does not lose his or her temper easily.

Imām Ali ('a) had a servant called Qambar. One day Qambar decided he would test Imām Ali ('a) by trying to make him angry. But Imām Ali ('a) never got angry. Read the story below then colour it and tell the story to your mom or dad.



STORY TIME

IMĀM HASAN ('A)

Once a follower of Mu'awiya came from Damascus to Madina. When he saw our 2nd Imam, Imām Hasan ('a), he started to shout names and use foul language at the Imām ('a), because Mu'awiya had told him horrible things about Imām ('a).

The followers of Imām Hasan ('a) wanted to punish the man for what he had said but Imām ('a) told them to leave him alone.

Imām Hasan ('a) then turned to the man and greeted him with 'salām' after which Imām ('a) asked the man if he was hungry or needed a place to stay so he could help him.

When the man saw the *akhlāq* of Imām Hasan ('a), he realized that what Mu'awiya had told him about Imām Hasan ('a) was all untrue and he felt very ashamed for being so rude.

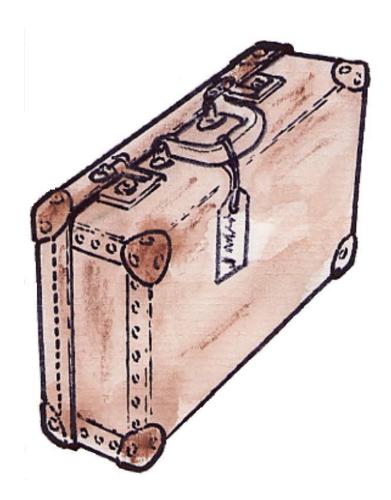
The man asked Imām Hasan ('a) for forgiveness. Thereafter, whenever he heard anyone say anything against Imām Hasan ('a) he would defend Imām Hasan ('a) and correct them.

Moral:

- 1. Never get angry at someone when they are angry It takes two people to start a fight.
- 2. No matter how other people act you should always have perfect akhlāg.
- 3. Never believe bad things about other people that you have heard until you know for sure.

TANUAN GOOD JANUAN

Amina is packing to go to Jannah. Circle from the list below what she needs to pack in her suitcase before going to Jannah.



KalimaGood AkhlaqSalāhSunglassesFastingHajjQur'anNaughty deedsCandyStory BooksDuasShoesSwim suitSadaqaCell phone

AHMAD VISITS HIS FRIEND

Ahmad was a very curious young boy. He liked to know everything and to see everything. One day Ahmad went to visit his friend Ali. When he was at Ali's house, he saw a big blue shiny bag. Ali told Ahmad not to touch the bag because his mother had said no one is supposed to open it. But Ahmad was very curious. When his friend Ali was not looking, Ahmad opened the bag and put his hand in to see what he could find. He found a beautiful red car.

'Look at what I found! Look!!' Ahmad shouted excitedly. Just then Ali's mother walked in. 'Ahmad!' she shouted angrily, 'That was Ali's Eid gift! You have ruined his surprise!'

Ali was very sad. He began to cry. And Ahmad felt very bad because he was naughty and because he opened something that was not his and without permission. So he went home crying too.

Allah does not like people to open or use other people's things without asking their permission. This is harām. We should therefore always ask first, 'Can I look, please?' or 'Can I play with this please?'

Lesson 7 Allah does not like those who Waste

Colour the picture below.

Never litter and always recycle!



Lesson 7 Allah does not like those who Waste

Isrāf is not just with food. It can also be with other things. Draw 4 things that we should not do isrāf of:

E.g.: we should not waste our whole day by just sleeping.

